Reid to France. In the end Mr. Reid was better pleased, and has accepted most cheerfully the President's judgment in the

matter.
My first real acquaintance with President Harrison began when he was a Senator of the United States. I was requested by the editor of the Chicago Tribune to call upon Mr. Harrison at his Washington residence and gather from him such notes from his life as would enable me to write a full sketch of his career. It was just before the meeting of the Chicago convention which nominated Mr. Blaine.

It is one of the best possible tests of a man's character to call upon him with the object of obtaining notes to write his biography. Few men under such circumstances are natural. There is generally an affectation of modesty and at the same time a disposition to inundate the would-be historian with enough matter to make a dozen bulky volumes. The public man who can give the essential facts simply and with as little apparent prejudice as if he were recounting the life of another, is rarely found. Yet President Harrison I found to

be such a public man.

I saw him in the library of the house he had taken upon Fourteenth street, among his books and papers. His wife was with him. My call was made early in the evening and extended over two hours. Mr. Harrison gave me just what I wanted to know and no more. What was given was the result of a prolonged conversation upon various subjects. When the subject of Mr. Harrison's life was reached, he presented the episodes of his career with true legal clearness, occasionally turning to his wife for a fact half forgotten.

The foreign-born journalists who try to turn the President into ridicule, and who seek to belittle him, should be made to define what they would call an honorable and distinguished career, if President Harrison had not achieved one before he was called to the White House.

First, his success as a lawyer, until he stood absolutely among the few of the first rank in his own State. Second, his career as a brave officer in the army, until he reached the rank of brigadier-general; and, third, his election, without the aid of a powerful fortune, to the office of Senator of the United States. To achieve the highest success in three distinct and separate fields should make one ready to pardon the President for the misfortune of being a de-scendant of a line of distinguished an-

HIS APPRECIATION OF FUN. My second evening with President Harrison was at Augusta, Me. He came there late in the campaign to speak in behalf of Mr. Blaine. He stopped at the Augusta transfer the two clerks caught up with the work. The Postmaster-general is greatly pleased at this news, and believes the success of ocean postoffices is secured. He has stronger hopes than ever that this first encouragement will lead to the quick exten-House. It was a cold and gloomy evening. The President and myself were the only strangers in the hotel. I called upon Mr. Harrison, and a few moments after he came out with me and took a seat in front of the blazing office fire. Then he told, with rare appreciation of fun, a great number of stories of his experiences at the bar and in pol-

I remember one story in particular. It was an incident of a political town in northern Indiana. Mr. Harrison stopped at the small village of — for an evening's discourse. On his way to the town hall Mr. Harrison was shown a programme of the exercises of the evening. First there was prayer; music by the band; introduction by the chairman; speech by Senator Harrison, and, lastly, three cheers and applause by the audience. This last item on the programme amused the Senator. He thought, of course, it was an error upon the part of the printer; but he found out when he came to address the audience. There came, at the close of his opening sentence, an outburst of applause from some thoughtless members of the audience. This brought the stern chairmain to the front. He called the meeting sharply to order, rebuked them for their indecorum, as he said: "If you look at your programme you will see that there is a proper place for cheering and ap-And when the speech was ended the

chairman solemnly moved for three cheers and applause; and they were duly given. When I returned to Washington this last winter, after nearly four years' absence, I was curious to see if any change had been produced in the character of Mr. Harrison by the high office he held. I went to the White House and soon was admitted to his private room. He was the same absolutely as upon the occasion of my last talk with him in the little hotel at Augusta some six years previous. He was still the same simle, unpretentious man, with his eyes steadfastly fixed upon his duty, but ready, lawyer-like, to give and take on his way. While reserved in one sense, yet where his confidence goes he is one of the most frank men in politics. He has no concealments. If any one were to ask him to-morrow any question about his future the person asking such question would receive a direct an-

The President is a great believer in the power of the press, and no one is more willing than he to concede its influence when properly directed. He has been very averse to being interviewed in the newspapers be-cause of the real modesty of his character. He does not love to pose, and his chief obection to being put in the newspapers in the form of an interview is the fear that he might be accused of using such a form to effect or to seek to effect results. I visited him many times during the winter to gain his consent to give me the interview I was permitted to publish in the Tribune the other day; but it was not until Congress was out of the way that I could coax him to give a reluctant consent. Even then I am sure he did so from the thought that it would do me good, while the good to himself was questionable.

HE DOES NOT DECEIVE PEOPLE. ple who have any business with the President he is most accessible. He never deceives his callers. He never pretends he can do a thing manifestly impossible. With strangers his manner is judicial. To feeble-minded people who love gush the President may appear repellant. But he is not cold. No more kind-hearted man ever filled the office. Where he can do, he does readily; but where the reply is no, the answer is given with a clearness and a torce that admits of no question. His administration is free from scandals. The aprightness and ability of the President are becoming known through the steady advance of the administration in its wide grasp of affairs at home and abroad.

The post he now occupies as chief of his party he has merited by his character and The President is entitled to the full credit to-day for his present strength in the opinion of the country. He is a safe and ju-dicious executive. He never does indiscreet things, and he is never upon the defensive. In the last conversation I had with him at Washington, he said: "It is about time the chair of apologetics in the Republican party were abolished." As this sentence was printed the word chair was made chairmanship. This mistake has been charged to the President. The mistake was

not his but mine. Mr. Harrison has all of the combative instinets of a highly-trained soldier who afterward became a successful lawyer. He has the tact of a diplomate. This is shown in all his public utterances. He is a man of unflinching courage, great common sense, and a devotion to duty rarely seen in the incumbent of any office however high. He does not believe in conducting a campaign in accordance with the ideas of one's enemies. According to him no attempt should ever be made to perform the impossible, by trying to satisfy Democratic critics. He has a serene confidence in the future following the lines laid down in the recent interview. There should be no more tariff or financial legislation for the present; the business interests of the country are entitled to a rest from undue agitation. The President will devote his energies and influence during the balance of his term to the aid and support of the broad policy of Mr. Blaine, which, through the co-operation of the President, has become the policy of the

dministration.

Senator Carlisle Not a Candidate. LOUISVILLE, April 10.—Senator Carlisle is in the city visiting ex-Congressman Albert S. Willis. He says that his trip has no significance whatever. When asked what he had to say regarding the article in the New York Sun, suggesting him as a presidential possibility, he replied: "Nothing whatever. It was a high compliment, of course, which I fully appreciated, but I do not know whether the time has come for a man south of the Mason-Dixon line. Everybody knows I am not a can-didate." The Senator did not care to commit himself, either, regarding the speaker-

SEA POST MAIL A SUCCESS

Arrival of the First Steamer with All Letters Ready for Distribution.

Mr. Wanamaker Pleased with the Way Hi Scheme Works-New Assistant Secretary of the Treasury-Other Offices Filled.

OCEAN MAIL SERVICE.

Marked Success of Postmaster-General Wanamaker's Scheme-The First Steamer.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 10.-Another new departure by the present administration has proved a great success. The press dispatches this morning announced the arrival of the German steamer Havelat New York, with her mails all assorted ready for delivery. In reference to the same subject Postmaster-general Wanamaker received the following telegram from Postmaster Vancott at New York: "The sea post mail, per steamer Havel, arrived at 8:30 A. M. and the city mail delivered at 8:45. Connections were made of distribution mails with the 10 A. M. trains, a gain of at least six hours. Sea post appears to be a success." There were eighty-five sacks of mail or board the Havel, containing 52,500 letters. The mail was made up exactly as would have been on a postal car-sorted, back stamped and tied in separate packages for the different States and large cities. This mail arrived in time for the morning through mail for Chicago and the West. Under the old system it could not have been dispatched until 9 o'clock this evening. Letters for the city delivery in New York were able to go out at 8:45 in the morning. The postal clerks on board the Havel are P. B. Holtzman, for this country, and Herr Gallnitz, for Germany. The latter had never been at sea before and the rough weather of Friday was too much for him, but by working extra bours the two clerks caught up with the work. The Postmaster-general is greatly

APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT. Judge Crounse to Be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury-Place for Ex-Gov. Furnas.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 10.-The President has at last filled the vacancy in the Treasury Department caused by the resignation of General Bacheller to accept the mission to Portugal, and, as was expected, ex-Congressman Lorenzo Crounse, of Nebraska, has received the appointment. Judge Crounse's fitness and qualifications for the position were first brought to the attention of the President by the Nebraska Senators some five or six weeks ago, and after he had made a careful investigation into Judge Crounse's qualifications the President decided to appoint him, and gave Senator Manderson a hint of this character last week. It is expected that Judge Cronnse will take the oath of office and enter upon his new duties immediately. Nebraska scored another point to-day

when the President appointed ex-Governor Robert W. Furnas to be commissioner at large to the world's fair and Columbian exposition. Ex-Governor Furnas was talked of for a Cabinet posttion, and the geographical question was the only thing which prevented his ap-pointment at the time the Cabinet was formed. The appointment of Governor Furnas to this place is proof in advance that the agricultural interests of the West will be well looked after in the exposition of 1893. Hale G. Parker, of Missouri, was appointed alternate commissioner-at-large. The President also appointed Edward T.
Hatch to be collector of customs for the
district of Alaska and Jas. P. Busbee
special agent to allot lands in severalty to
confederated bands of the Cayuse, Walla
Walla and Umatilla Indians.

George Madison Drake, of Tennessee, was to-day appointed by the Postmaster-general chief clerk of the Foreign Mails Bureau of the Postoffice Department. To this office special interest attaches now owing to the activity due to the postal sub-sidy bill. Mr. Drake was a private in the confederate army during most of the war, and in 1864 was confidential secretary to General Bragg. He was honestly reconstructed. In 1869 and 1870 he edited the Journal, the Republican State organ at Montgomery, Ala.; in 1873 he published the Chattanooga Daily Commercial, and in 1876 was the Republican candidate for Congress in the Third Tennessee district. From 1877 to 1884 he was a valued clerk in various bureaus of the Postoffice Depart ment. In 1884 he edited the Knoxville Whig and Chronicle, and in 1885 he was a postoffice inspector until removed by the Democratic administration. He was lately money-order clerk in the Chattanooga post-

The Postmaster-general to-day appointed the following postmasters for Indiana: Bloomingdale, Parke county, W. McCoy, vice J. S. Woody, deceased; Eugene, Ver-million county; D. Conoway, vice W. N. Hosford, resigned; Kingsland, Wells county. L. B. Beckley, vice F. Hutchens, resigned; Messina, Hendricks county. L. S. Elmore, vice T. B. Alexander, resigned; Plano, Morgan county, M. G. Littell, vice J. H. Donaldson, resigned.

INVENTORS AT MOUNT VERNON,

Visit to Washington's Tomb Followed by Reception at the White House. WASHINGTON, April 10.-To-day being the one-hundredth anniversary of the establishment of the American patent system, the patent centennial committee recognized the day as the birthday of the present system by inviting the members attending the centennial here to visit Mount Vernon. This morning many of the delegates left the city on the boat for Mount Vernon. where they remained the greater part of the day, having omitted the proposed visit to the ordnance factory, as it was found a landing could not be made at the navyyard on the steamer chartered for the occasion. Returning to the city Dr. J. M. Toner delivered an address in the saloon of the boat upon "Washington as an Inventor and Promoter of Improvement." Following Dr. Toner's interesting historical sketch came an address from ex-Representative Butterworth on "The Influence of the Patent System on the Prosperity of the Country." The city was reached on the return by 3 o'clock, and a rush was made for the transportation to the White House, where, at 2:30, the inventors were introduced to the President.

The President was present at a review of a parade of two thousand troops here tonight in honor of the inventors. At a meeting to-night a national association of inventors was formed and a constitation and by-laws adopted. Dr. Gatling, the inventor, was chosen president, and Gardner R. Hubbard, of Washington; Prof. Wm. A. Anthony, president of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers; Thomas Shaw, of Philadelphia and Hon.

vice-presidents. MINOR MATTERS.

Benj. Butterworth, of Ohio, were elected

Congressman Hermann Does Not Think Free Coinage Will Be an Issue in 1892.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 10.-Congressman Hermann, of Oregon, is one of the Western members who do not think the defeat of the free-coinage bill will be detrimental to Republican prospects in 1892. Mr. Hermann, who has had a recent opportunity to sound Pacific coast sentiment, said, today, that in his opinion the conservative sense of the country will probably result in practically eliminating the silver issue from the campaign. The success of the for the best black-and-tan bitch in open present administration in securing wider class fell to Buttercup, owned by Blake &

any other during the next two years, and that the result will be old-time Republican majorities in the agricultural districts.

Immigration Law Violations. WASHINGTON, April 10. - Secretary Foster to-day directed Mr. John B. Webber, superintendent of immigration at New York, to report to the United States district attorney at New York the facts of the escape of eighteen immigrants returned by him to the Burgundia, in order that the culpable parties may be vigorously prosecuted for violation of the immigration law. Mr. Weber rejected twenty-one immigrants Weber rejected twenty-one immigrants who recently came by the Burgundia as unfit to land, and returned them to the vessel. Only three of the twenty-one immigrants were retained aboard the vessel and taken away, the other eighteen being allowed to escape. Under the law the steamship company is liable to a fine of \$300 in each case. Secretary Foster has called the attention of the immigration officers at Baltimore, Boston and Philadelphia to the violations of this law at New York, and instructed them to promptly and vigorously prosecute all steamship companies if such violations of law occur at their ports. their ports.

April Crop and Live-Stock Report, WASHINGTON, April 10.-The April returns of the Department of Agriculture make the condition of winter wheat 96.9 and of rye 95.4. The averages of condition in the principal States are: New York, 92; Pennsylvania, 98; Tennessee, 98; Kentucky, 97; Ohio, 96; Michigan, 93; Indiana, 99; Illinois, 97; Missouri, 96; Kansas, 99; Celifornia, 99, and Oregon, 97.

The returns make the the percentages of losses among farm animals during the past year of horses, 1.7; cattle, 3; sheep, 4 and swine, 8.4. Horses receive better care than any other class of stock, and annual losses vary but little. The percentage of loss of cattle is slightly higher than was reported in 1888 and 1889, the scarcity of feed swelling the figures in portions of Kansas and Nebraska. The losses of sheep have been smaller than usual on account of better care and attention, while less disease than usual is reported among swine, though there is heavy loss in the regions of last year's crop failures.

Luncheon in Honor of Mrs. Harrison, Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Washington, April 10 .- Mra. Noble, wife of the Secretary of the Interior, gave a luncheon to-day in honor of Mrs. Harrison. The ladies invited to meet her were Mrs. Garfield, Mrs. Blaine, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Rush, Mrs. Wanamaker, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Sherwood, Mrs. Audenried, Lady Panucefote, Mrs. Guzman, Mrs. Gallaudet, Mrs. Henderson, Miss Leonore Halsted and Miss Margaret Halsted. The flowers in the center-piece and squares at each end of the table were of trailing arbutus and wood violets. The silver dish holding the flowers in the center rested on a square of algenari embroidery in soft gilt and pink silk coloring. The napkins, folded at each place, had Mrs. Noble's initial in embroidered pink silk, and laid across each was the name carved. The latter was an oblong, gilt-edged card that had the name of the guest on the face and the names of the entire company finely painted on the reverse. The card was held in a strip of fancy gauze

Short Address by the President. WASHINGTON, April 10.-The central committee of the pan-American congress paid a visit to the White House this morning, headed by Judge Arnoux, who made a short address to the President, outlining the work accomplished and contemplated by the committee. The President made a brief response, expressing his interest in the movement, and saying that, while he could not speak officially without the authority of Congress, his own feelings had always been in sympathy with all movements directed towards the enlargement of human rights. Within the last few years, he said, the nations of the earth have been brought to understand each other better, improved methods of communication having brought them closer together and strengthened the bond of friendship and sympathy.

ribbon, a new and pretty idea.

Burial of the Late Albert Pike, WASHINGTON, April 10.-The funeral of the late Albert Pike, grand commander for the Southern jurisdiction of the Scottish Rite Order of Masonry, took place in th s city to-day, and, at the reguest of the dead man, was marked by simplicity and an absence of display of any sort. The remains were taken to Oak Hill Cemetery in this city for interment. The honorary pall-bearers were Senator Dolph of Oregon, Rev. Dr. Bullock, Henry L. Palmer, the sovereign grand commander of the Northern jurisdiction, Scottish Rite; Gen. James W. Denver, James A. Henry and Frederick Kramer, of Little Rock, Ark.

General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, April 10 .- The Washington Critic, a Democratic paper, pays a hand some tribute to Marshal Ransdell in its issue to-night. The Critic says that his conduct during the Kincaid trial was uniformly prudent and courteous, and he not only give his personal attention to all the details of the trial, but that all those who are under him seemed to exercise far more discretion than is usually noticed in such

The amount of silver offered for sale to the Treasury Department to-day was 1,605,-500 ounces and the amount purchased 355,-500 ounces at 97.875 and 98 cents. Attorney-general Miller is much improved in health, and resumed his duties at the Department of Justice this morning. Secretary Foster will go to New York next Tuesday for a visit of several days. He said this morning that he is going

mainly on private business, but that while there he will visit the custom-house for the purpose of becoming better acquainted with the officials and the existing methods General Rosecrans slept well last night and is much improved to-day. He is able to sit up, and his physicians think he wil be about next week.

Secretary Foster has directed that all proper facilities be accorded the Governors of the Southern States to examine the treasury books for information as to who paid the direct tax, that the tax may now be refunded to the proper individual, his The amount of four-and-one-half per cent.

bonds redeemed to-day was \$141,200, making the total \$14,668,450. The President has commuted to two years' actual imprisonment the four years' sentence imposed in the case of John A. Davidson, convicted in Illinois of violation of the postal laws. He denied the application for a pardon in the case of E. D. Byrd. convicted in Texas of larceny, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment and to

pay a fine of \$2,000. General Spinola's condition has changed but little during the past twenty-four hours. He has rested quite comfortably during the day, but is very low at a late hour to-night.

WINNERS IN THE DOG SHOW.

Prizes and Medals Awarded by the Mascontah Kennel Club at Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 10.-Over one hundred awards of prizes and medals were made today at the bench show of the Mascoutah Kennel Club in Battery D armory. The Westminster challenge cup, valued at \$300. for the best mastiff dog or bitch under three years of age, owned by a member of the American Mastiff Club, went to Caution's Own Daughter, owned by Flower City Kennel, Rochester, N. Y. The Bull-dog Club of America's silver medal for the best bull-dog or bitch, to be competed for by members only, was won by B. O. Swaine, owned by Woodward & Herrick, Chicago. The Mascoutah Club silver medal for the best black-and-tan dog exhibited in open class, was captured by Broomfield Sultan, owned by T. Rochelle Kennel, New Rochelle V. Theoretick, Chicago. chelle, N. Y. The same club's silver medal Wanted—A good appetite. You can have it easy enough by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. It tones the digestion and cures sick headache.

markets for Western produce is already felt to a wide degree, and Mr. Hermann thinks that the policy of protection and was won by Imperator, the \$8,000 dog owned reciprocity will attract more attention than by the Imperial Kennel, Chicago.

RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA

Sir John Macdonald's One-Sided Proposition Not What the United States Wants.

Senator Morrill Save the Dominion Would Gain Everything and Uncle Sam Nothing-Canadians Pleased with the Status of Affairs.

New York, April 10 .- Senator Morrill, of Vermont, was asked last evening what he thought of the prospects for Canadian reci-

"They are not flattering," he said. "Reciprocity with Canada is undesirable. We could not enter into such relations on any article, except coal, with advantage to ourselves. We don't war to take off the duty on their horses, and caucie, and barley. The difficulty lies in the desire of Canada to make no discrimination against England. If they were given the reciprocal relations with this country which some have asked. they would insist on the same with England, and England would derive all the benefit. With labor at one-half the wages we pay, they would supply the machinery and other manufactured goods, and Canadian farmers would send us their products, buying little in return. Sir John Macdonald would as soon put poison in his own coffee as entertain a proposition to establish rela-tions with us which discriminated against the mother country."

"Do you look for any change in the tariff law at the next Congress? "No general changes. If the Democratic House were to pass a general tariff bill it is not likely that the Senate would agree to it. The recent elections indicate that the sentiment has changed since the elections last fall, and some of those Senators who were not willing to vote with us for the McKinley bill might hesitate before they voted for any radical measures in the next Congress. If the changes in membership and the strength of those who voted against the bill last session resulted in passing a bill from the Democratic House, the President would veto it."

"What will the Alliance do in 1892?" "That is not born as a party yet. I don't think it will organize as a political party in New England to any great extent, nor in New York. The Grange will not go to the Alliance on election day. The farmers of New England and New York are not so radical as those of Kansas and other Western States."

Canadian Ministers Return. OTTAWA, Ont., April 10 .- Sir John Thompson and the Hon. George E. Foster reached here from Washington to-day. The first atterances were complimentary of both President Harrison and Secretary Blaine. The two Canadian Ministers have fulfilled the government's election campaign pledges regarding a visit to the American capital, and they can assure Parliament that the delay in negotiating a reciprocity treaty rests with the United States government. There was a full attendance at vesterday afternoon's Cabinet meeting. The Washingion delegation submitted the result of Monday's conference with Secretary Blaine. Both are confident the Republican adminstration will meet Canada half way in the prospective negotiations for the settlement of the trade, and the Atlantic fishery questions. The manufacturers who support Sir John Macdonald are so opposed to any movement looking toward complete reciprocity in manufactured articles that t difficulties will be experienced meeting Mr. Blaine's views. Sir Thompson emphatically poses of the reports about the rivalry between President Harrison and Secretary Blaine, and gives other reasons as the cause for the sudden termination of Monday's conference. He authorized the following statement: "I need not say anything about the reasons of our return. The explana-tions are already public, but I may say there is no truth whatever in the statements that we were coldly received by Mr. Blaine. On the contrary Mr. Blaine received us with the utmost courtesy, and conveyed the President's message in a tone and manner to which no one could take objection. We have every reason to be-lieve that the President was sincere in the reason he gave for asking the conference to be postponed. The President's desire was quite reasonable and, we think, proper, and therefore we could not object. The conference will be arranged in due time."

Almost simultaneous with the return from Washington of Sir Thompson and Hon. G. E. Foster came a dispatch to the Governor-general from Sir Julian Paunce-tote appropring that Mr. Rlaine had fixed

to the Canadian government, and the delegates will therefore duly present themselves at Washington on the day appointed. Complaints of the Jamaica Press. HALIFAX, N. S. April 10. - Kingston, Jamaica, papers bitterly complain that the government does not take prompt steps to secure the advantages of the reciprocity clause of the McKinley tariff. Notwithstanding the recent visit of the Canadian Finance Minister and the fact that the question is being discussed with the greatest interest in Barbadoes, Trinidad and Guiana, not a word has been spoken by the Jamaica government or in the Legislature. The Kingston Gleaner says: "An export trade which, at present, amounts to a million pounds a year is at stake. This sum will dwindle to less than half, if we, by inaptitude or inertness, lose our hold on the American market. It may, on the other hand, be doubled in the course of a few years if we strengthen that hold. We are at parting of the ways, one of which will lead us onward to a position of assured and increasing commercial prosperity, while the other will take us back once for all to the slough of despond from which it was thought we were about to emerge. If both the executive and the Legislature continue blind and dumb, it is for the people of Jamaica, every man who has or hopes to have commercial relations with the United States, to call upon our government not to remain inert, and if it has any inten-tions, to reveal them. If they allow the present juncture to pass without action, they will suffer, as they will assuredly deserve, the fate of commercial extinction in their best market."

fote announcing that Mr. Blaine had fixed

Monday, Oct. 12, as the date for the reci-procity conference. The time is acceptable

Liberal Victory in Prince Edward Island, HALIFAX, April 11.-The Liberals won a sweeping victory in Prince Edward Island Wednesday. Four members resigned their seats in the Legislature, to become candidates for the Dominion House of Commons, viz.: Donald Ferguson, Provisional Secretary; Hon. Patrick Blake, Speaker of the House; John McLean, and John Yeo, leader of the opposition. The first three were supporters of the government. The elections to fill the vacancies took place yester-day, and resulted in the return of four op-position candidates. This defeats the government, and will compel them to either resign or dissolve, and make a general appeal to the country.

The Jerry Simpson Schemes

New York Press. Jerry Simpson wants State Senates abol-This is because there are several state Senates standing between Farmers' Alliance Houses and the consummation of their wild schemes of finance. By another year the farmers themselves will wonder how they ever came to advocate such schemes. It is the Jerry Simpson schemes which should be abolished rather than the State Senates, which compel slowness, de-liberation and full popular approval of new policies before they can be adopted.

Democracy a Tax.

In Indiana Democracy is a tax. When the Democrats secured the Legislature a dozen or so years ago Indiana was practically out of debt. Through extravagant appropriations and a general slip-shod method of conducting public business the debt began to grow and has kept growing steadily until it is now bordering on nine

April March May

Are the best months in which to purify your ! blood. During the long, cold winter, the blood becomes thin and impure, the body becomes weak and tired, the appetite may be lost, and medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla.

just now the system craves the aid of a reliable | the favorite spring medicine, speaks volumes for March

Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted to ! the needs of the body during these months. It | patrons will take Hood's Sarsaparilla and realize thoroughly purines and vitalizes the blood, its benefits in blood purified and strength re- ERS can hold high carnicreates a good appetite, cures biliousness and stored. Will you be one of the number! Hood's headache, gives healthy action to the kidneys and | Sarsaparilla costs but little, and the investment ilver and imparts strength to the whole body.

Hood's Sarsaparilla, once fairly tried, becomes its excellence and medicinal merit. May

course of Hood's Sarsaparilla. The fact that

yields profitable returns. Just try it. Hood's Sarsaparilla

100 Doses One Dollar

Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

Ladies make a mistake if they do not call on us and see the latest and most stylish Hats and Bonnets shown in the city.
Ribbons, Laces and Flowers in splendid varieties and values. We lead in our line. Please call and see us before purchasing. Open until 9:30 p. m., Saturday.

MRS. M. DIETRICHS & CO., 10 E. WASHINGTON ST

ALASKA REFRIGERATORS. \ LILLY & STALNAKER, Full line now on exhibition. Ask for 64 East Washington street. catalogue and prices.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Gallery at ENGLISH'S OPERA-HOUSE has been thoroughly cleaned, repainted and refitted, for the BERNHARDT engagement. Every seat in it commands an unobstructed view of the stage, and is specially numbered and reserved. Many of the best class of theater-goers have already secured these desirable Gallery seats, and they are selling rapidly. You can get them by paying

FOR A GOOD SEAT.

Excellent seats for "Fedora" and "La Tosca" on all floors sti on sale at the box-office of English's.

Legislature enacted a new tax law, in which it increased the levy of taxes from 12 to 18 cents on the hundred dollars, and, as if that would not add burden enough, made it the law that all property should be appraised three times higher than it ever had been before. This whole State debt is a debt contracted by the Democrats, and the increased burden of taxation laid SOCIETY NOTICES. upon the people for the next two years, at least, is a burden laid by the Democrats.

The Needle Does Not Mark the True North. Goldthwaite's Geographical Magazine. The old saying, "True as the needle to the pole," is quite misleading, because three people in five who use it are thinking of the north pole, while the fact is that the termin of the earth's axis are not coincident with the magnetic poles. It was of great importance to navigators in northern latitudes to determine the exact position of the north magnetic pole in order to make the needle a perfectly trustworthy guide. One day, nearly sixty years ago, while the famous polar traveler, Sir John Ross, was sledging over the ice hummocks north of this continent, he found a place on the western shore of Boothia Felix, where the dipping needle wholly lost its directive power and stood within one minute of the vertical. This discovery enabled Greely, at Lady Frank-lin bay, when he found his needle pointing nearly southwest, to determine the true north by a few minutes' calculation. The position of the south magnetic pole has also been approximately determined, and not a sea captain sails the ocean to-day who is not greatly indebted to these discoveries. These magnetic poles slowly move back and forth across the polar area. They have probably changed their position since they were found, and scientific men a while ago

were urging the importance of sending out expeditions to relocate them. A New Idea in Finance.

A Boone township financier has struck a simple method which will do away with the elaborate machinery of the sub-treasury and free-silver plans. His proposition is that the government shall strike the word "half" from the half dollars and add the word "two" to the silver dollars. This, he believes, is simpler, and within the power of the government. He thinks the circulating medium will be greatly increased thereby, and money be made much

Slightly Muddled.

Hill is a protectionist and a free-coin age man. Cleveland is a free-trader and an anti-free-coinage man. Both claim to be Democratic leaders. This leaves the party in the condition of the late homecomer who tries to unlock his front door with his jack-knife.

Don't Rub Off the Enamel Of the teeth with gritty preparations. The teeth are too valuable to be trifled with. When gone, you must have false ones or "gum" yourself through life. Use Sozodont, which contains no grit. It cleanses the mouth and vitalizes the secretions.

INTOLERABLE ITCHING Suffered 26 Years, Consulted many Doc tors in New York and London. Cured by Cuticura.

I 1864 I contracted a skin disease that differen doctors called psoriasis, eczema, and urticaria. I do not know what it was, but it came out on my body in whelks, and the itching was intolerable, often keeping me awake all night long. I consulted many doctors in New York and London. I took internally every form of medicine. One day having applied some Cuticura, I presse a piece of tissue paper over the annoint surface. I found that it adhered, and that made the remedy much more effectual. I had been suffering with the disease for twenty-six years. Strange to say that by anointing the spot with the Cuticura and covering the place with tissue paper every night, without taking any internal medicine or dieting, I was cured sound and well in less than a month, with less than two boxes. A. D. WILSON, Moline, Ill.

Terrible Skin Disease I will state that my little boy two years old had a terrible affliction of the skin. After my family physician had failed for six months to aim. I tried Cuticura Remedies, which I found, to my great satisfaction, cured him entirely well in three weeks. It has now been over one year, and no appearance of the disease visible. I am ready and willing at any time to testify to the worth of your remedies.

W. A. KING, Puxico, Mo.

Cuticura Resolvent The new Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, internally (to cleanse the bloc of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus remove the cause), and Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), speedily and permanently cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, pimply, scrofulous, and hereditary diseases and humors from intancy to aga, from eases and humors, from infancy to age, from

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50c; Soap, 5c; Resolvent, \$1. Prepared by the Potter DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.
Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64
pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials. PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped and oily skin cured by Cuticura Soap.

Weak, Painful Kidneys, With their weary, dull, aching, lifeless PROPYLÆUM HAL

ART EXHIBIT opens April 15. Largest and finest collection of Oil Paintings and Water-Colors ever seen in the city. Under the auspices of the Indianapolis Art Association. Exhibit to continue till May 5. ADMISSION—25 cents.

A. O. N. M. S.—NOBLES, ATTEND!—Special meeting of Murat Temple this (Saturday) evening, at 7:45 o'clock, for business.

J. T. BRUSH, G. P. TTENTION COMBADES UNION VETERAN

A Legion. You will assemble at 79 East Market street, at 1 o'clock p. m., to attend the funeral of our deceased comrade, Dr. George W. New.

By Order W. H. TUCKER, Col.
W. O. Phipps, Adj't. FUNERAL NOTICE

WALLACE-The funeral of Wm. Wallace will take place Monday, April 13, at 2 p.m., from the Central Christian Church, Burial private. WANTED-ROOMS.

WANTED-PARLOR AND TWO BEDROOMS. Unfurnished. Centrally located. May 1. State price and location. Address "K," Journal office. ROOMS, WITH OB WITHOUT BOARD, ARE desired for the accommodation of delegates in attendance on the National Conference of Charities and Correction, May 13 to 20 inclusive. Parties willing to furnish these are requested to send number of rooms and terms to JAMES SMITH, Secretary, Plymouth Building.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. MEN WANTED-SALARY AND EXPENSES.

Permanent place. Apply at once. BROWN
BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Chicago.

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHEREABOUTS of John Horan, of Seymons, Ind. His mother is dead. Address PATRICK HORAN, Seymour, Ind.

A GENTS EVERYWHERE TO SELL O'KEEFE'S
"OK" Shoe Blacking; steady work; can make
\$24 to \$36 per week. O'KEEFE & CO., Chemists,
Pittsburg, Pa. SALESMEN WANTED TO SELL FALL LINE of Blankets, Flannels, Dress Goods, Silesias, Cottonades, ¡Jeans, as a side line to country retailers. Liberal commissions. THE PURNELL DALE MILLS, Box 560, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED, A GOOD LIVE REPRESENTATIVE for the State of Indiana, to take charge of one of the best Endowment Orders in existence already having a large membership in this State. Exclusive control will be given and a sure income guaranteed. References required. Apply between 9 and 11 a. m. or 5 and 6 p. m., Room 68, The Bates Hotel.

AUCTION SALE. UCTION SALE TO THE TRADE. I WILL A sell on Monday, April 13, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the storeroom, 186 West Washington street, in lots to suit the trade, a stock of notions, novelties, clocks, jewelry tobacco, cigars, books, stationery; also one office safe, four nickel show-cases, two fine show-cases, one elbow case, counters and shelving, stoves, and a cigar-maker's outfit, new cigar boxes, some leaf tobacco and many other things. Terms cash, L. N. PERRY, auctioneer.

A UCTION SALE—APRIL 15, AT 10 O'CLOCK, owing to expiration of our lease, cor. Delaware and South streets. We will offer for sale on above date the following articles: I large barn, 30x60 feet; I dwelling house, 3 rooms; one frame office and addition; I elevator building; 400 feet of shedding; loose lumber and fencing; I Atlas boiler and fixtures, 20-horse; I Atlas engine, 10-horse; shafting, pulleys and belting: I wagen scale 4 ton: I dump our and 20-horse; I Atlas engine, 10-horse; sharting, pulleys and belting; I wagon scale, 4-ton; I dump car and 2 counters; carts, wagons and harness and various sundry articles. The buildings can be moved off of ground 30 days from date of sale. A. B. MEYER & CO. JOHN GUSTIN, Auctioneer. Our business continues at 450 North Mississippi at. and 17 North Pennsylvania st.

MEETINGS. THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Indianapolis Building and Loan Association, at 72 East Market street, on Saturday evening, April 11, at 7:30 o'clock, for the election of three directors.

M. D. BUTLER, Pres. W. A RHODES, Sec.

FINANCIAL. OANS-ON CITY PROPERTY. C. E. COFFIN

LOAMS-MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. SAYLES, 75 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN-6 PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Room 11, Talbott & New's Block. CIX PERCENT. ON CITY PROPERTY IN IN.

MONEY ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEW. elry, without publicity. CITY LOAN OFFICE. 67 West Washington street. A COMEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW M est market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market street, Indianapolis.

EDUCATIONAL. DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL ENTER NOW.

Retablished 1860.) INDIANAPOLIS (Reorganized 1898.) BUSINESS UNIVERSIT

Pre-eminently the leading business university forty-first year; no vacations; students enter at any time; individual instruction by strong faculty of experienced teachers; complete faculties for book-keep, ing, business practice, banking, short-hand, type, writing, penmanship and English training; diploma free at graduation; railroad, industrial, professional and business offices supplied with help; elegant illustrated actalogue free.



To-DAY THE BARGAIN SEEKval in every department of our store. Everywhere they will find the most necessary articles being sold with a deep cut in the prices.

SHOES.

Ladies' Kid Button Shoes were \$1.75.....\$1.25 Ladies' Dongola Kid Button Shoes, were \$2.50.....\$2 Ladies' Kid Slippers, were

Ladies' Rubbers, were 350 Boys' V. C. Button, 4 to 6, were \$1.75e.....\$1.25

\$1......750

Youths' B. C. Button, 11 to 2, were \$1.50......\$1 Men's B. C. Bals, 7 to 10, were \$2.....\$1.50

Misses' Kid Heel Button, were \$1.75......\$1.15 Misses' Kid Heel Button, were Child's Kid Spring Heel Button, were \$1......750 Child's Goat Spring Heel Button, were 90c......670 Child's Kid Spring Heel But-

ton, were 85c.....60c Child's Kid, no heels, Button were 75c......49c THE NEW MUSIC PALACE, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463 Washington street, in the exact trade center of Boston, is the present central establishment of

OLIVER DITSON COMPANY, and includes an elegant large retail store of 70 feet front, Piano Parlors of great beauty, and many halls, warerooms and offices devoted to the storing and sale of the largest stock of Music on the continent, and of every known Band. Orchestral or other Instrument.

The store, from its situation, is accessible to all music lovers in castern Massachusetts, and by its universal system of advertising, mailing of lists and entalogues extensive correspondence. lists and catalogues, extensive correspondence, and prompt mailing and expressing of goods ordered, practically stands at the door of every village home and is a neighbor to all the scattered farm-houses of the whole country.

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SOCIAL SINGING. College Songs [50c.] 90 songs.
200,000 sold. Song Collections. Song Classics, Vol 1 [\$1.] 500 songs. Choice Sacred Solos [\$1.] 34 songs.
Piano Collections. Popular Piano Collection [\$1.] 27 pes. Popular Dance Collection [\$1.] 66 pes. Any Book mailed, post-paid, on receipt of above prices Oliver Ditson Company, Boston C. H. DITSON & CO., 887 Breadway, New York Otty

Will Stand Hard Knocks



The ECLIPSE BICYCLE, price \$100. Built of Aluminum, Bronze and Weldless Steel. Only "bike" made that has not a weld in it. It is, beyond doubt, the strongest bjeycle made. Then look at the price? Call at H. T. HEARSEY & CO.'S. Bicycle Designation of the latest machine out.

Steel Pulley and Machine Works SOLE MAKERS, Indianapolis, Ind. H. T. HEARSEY, Indianapolis,

CHURCH SERVICES. FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, NORTHEAST COR-ner of New York and Pennsylvania streets. Rev. W. F. Taylor, pastor, preaching at 10:45 s. m. and 7:30 p. m. Subject for evening sermon, "The Hill Lucro, and By-path Meadow"—from Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, Sunday-school at 9:15 s. m. Prayer-meeting Thursday evening.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH, CORNER of Obio and Delaware streets. D. R. Lucas, pastor. Subject, 10:45 a. m., "Personality and Influence;" 7:46 p. m., "Who Invented Christianity?" the first of a series of sermons on the "Evidences of Christianity." Sunday-school at 9:30 a. m., Howard Cale, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m. All are invited and welcome to these services.

PLYMOUTH CHURCH, OSCAR C. McCULloch, minister, Morning service, 10:45; subject,
"The Development of the Idea of Christ," with photographs from the pictures of Franz von Uhde.
Evening service, 7:45; illustrated address on "How
the Other Half Lives," or "East-side Life in New
York," by Mr. Frederick Hetherington, illustrated
with views taken by him. Sunday-school begins as
9:15.

TERIDIAN STREET METHODIST EPISCO. hool, 2:15; Y. P. S.C. E., 3:45; Love-feast, Thurs CENTRAL-AVENUE METHODIST EPISCO-pal Church—Corner of Central avenue and But-ler street. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by Rev. H. A. Gobin., D. D. Class-meeting, 9:30 s. m. Sunday-school, 2:15 p. m. Young people's meeting, 6:30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcomed.

New Church. NEW CHURCH CHAPEL, 833 NORTH ALA.

bama street. Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:80
p. m., conducted by Rev. E. D. Daniels. Morning
subject, "The Seamless Garment." Evening, repetition by request of a lecture, "Hell Compatible
with Divine Love," Seats free.

DIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, SOUTH West corner Pennsylvania and New York streets.
The pastor, Rev. M. L. Haines, D. D., will preach tomorrow at 16:45 a. m., and 7:80 p. m. Evening subject, "Hypocrisy and Social Life." Sunday-school
meets at 9:30 a. m. The Young People's Society meets
at 6:45 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting on Thursday
evening at 7:30 p. m.

CECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHUBCH, CORNER Joseph A. Milburn, pastor. Preaching, 10:80 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday-school at 2:30 p.m. Young people's meeting at 6:45 p.m. Thursday evening prayer-meeting at 7:30, led by the pastor.

SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—COBpastor. Communion service and public reception of
new members Sabbath morning. Preaching at 7:30
p. m. Sabbath school at 2:30 p. m.: Prof. T. G. Alford, superintendent. Junior C. E. at 2:30 a. m. Y.
P. S. C. E., at 3:30 p. m. Teachers' meeting and
prayer-meeting on Thursday evening. Class in
theology on Friday evening. Physical culture classes
for all ages and both seres through the week. Kindergarten five days in the week in the mornings. The
public is welcome.

TABERNACLE CHURCH, CORNER MERID.
Ian and Second streets. Rev. J. A. Bondihaler, D.
D., pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. by the pastor.
Sunday-school, 2:15 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E., 3:45 p. m.
Services in Indianaola and Mt. Jackson Chapels at
7:30 p. m. BUSINESS CHANCE.

millions of dollars, with an interest account of half a million dollars to pay annually.

Becoming frightened at the enormous proportions the debt was assuming, the last.

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A GOOD SHREWD BUSINESS MAN WITH Minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only in tanta-investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State. Apply or address at once investment in the State.